

VLSFO: better quality but watch for critical parameters

Despite VLSFO being only marginally worse than HSFO, it is the critical quality parameters that are often recorded off-spec

Overview

It has been over a month since the IMO2020 regulation came into force and there are mixed views on how the transition has gone so far. Some participants claim the switch has gone smoothly, while others highlight the constant quality issues with the VLSFO blends.

Integr8 Fuels' analysis of global fuel quality data covering November 2019 to January 2020 shows the improvement in the overall fuel quality of VLSFO. However, there are concerns about the continuing decrease in viscosity and the increasing likelihood of more sedimentation and stability issues.

Despite VLSFO having only marginally more off-specs than HSFO, it is the critical quality parameters that are often recorded off-spec in VLSFO, potentially causing technical problems on board vessels.

While the majority of ports recorded very few off-spec fuels in January, several locations were particularly affected.

Fuel quality analysis

For the analysis, Integr8 Fuel's live global fuel quality database was used. It receives over 400 results daily and has accumulated over 38,000 ISO8217 test results since November 2019, which have allowed for a detailed insight into fuel quality and associated issues.

It is worth mentioning, that there are limitations in the scope of ISO8217 testing, but this remains the main marine bunker fuel quality test and as such can help understand why there are such mixed views about VLSFO on the market.

Figure 1 | Fuel test summary Nov 2019—Jan 2020

	Nov 2019		Dec 2019		Jan 2020	
	Tests	Share	Tests	Share	Tests	Share
HSFO	5,556	42%	2,714	18%	586	6%
VLSFO	3,369	25%	7,124	47%	5,570	55%
ULSFO	401	3%	399	3%	293	3%
LSMGO	3,963	30%	4,910	32%	3,680	36%
Total	13,289	100%	15,147	100%	10,129	100%

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Figure 1 summarises the tests the analysis is based on, and shows a representation of how quickly HSFO has been losing its market share to VLSFO and LSMGO. VLSFO now constitutes the majority of the bunker fuel supplied, followed by LSMGO, HSFO and ULSFO.

While switching to LSMGO is rarely associated with problems, particularly in modern vessels, switching to VLSFO has definitely highlighted a number of issues.

Naturally, quality issues are associated with a higher number of blends on the market, where at least one parameter is found off-spec.

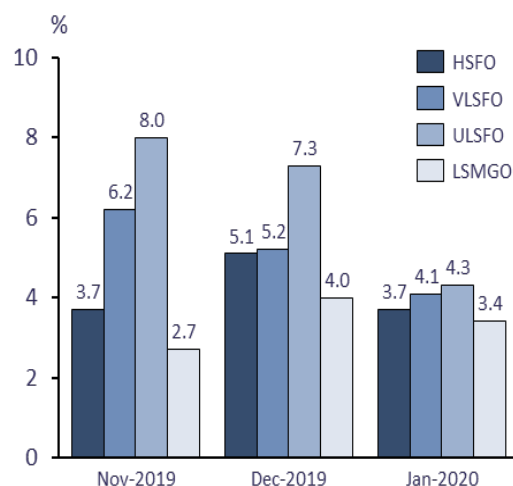


Figure 2. The share of tests with at least one off-spec parameter

However, Figure 2 shows that the number of off-spec VLSFO tests was only marginally higher than HSFO (and lower than ULSFO) in January and has been declining over the past three months.

This gives an impression that VLSFO is becoming less problematic, contrary to the news on the market.

In further analysis, January off-specs were broken down by parameter and the severity of each parameter being off-spec.

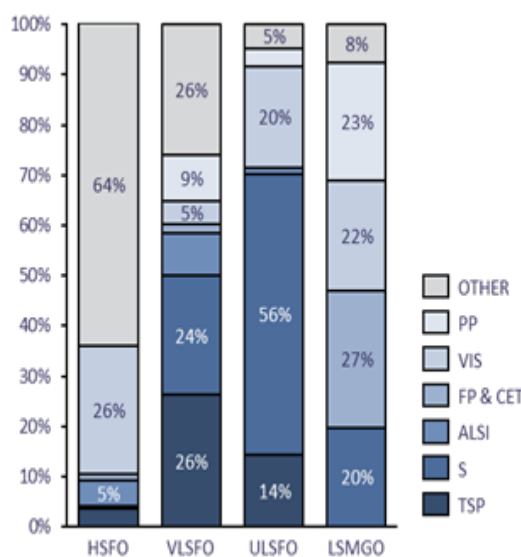


Figure 3. Off-spec breakdown by severity for Nov 2019–Jan 2020

This is summarised in Figure 3 with critical parameters coloured in red, less critical in yellow and least critical in green. Critical VLSFO parameters like sulphur, TSP, ALSI and flash point jointly share around 60% of all VLSFO off-specs, compared with around 20% for HSFO.

It is worth mentioning that on off-spec critical parameters VLSFO is very similar to ULSFO, which is blended to an even tighter sulphur limit.

Indeed the consequences of these parameters being off-spec are much more serious, including damage to machinery, filter blockages, the inability to burn bunkers or even de-bunkering—all these are more likely to result in claims and end up in the news headlines.

The majority of locations presented very few VLSFO issues. However, several ports in January were particularly prone to off-specs on critical parameters

On the other hand, off-spec (within reason) pour point, water content, density or viscosity can be dealt with on-board and are less likely to lead to a major problem, which has often been the case with HSFO.

On the port level, the majority of locations presented very few VLSFO issues. However, several ports in January were particularly prone to off-specs on critical parameters (Figure 4), including several ports in the Mediterranean, North America and the Caribbean.

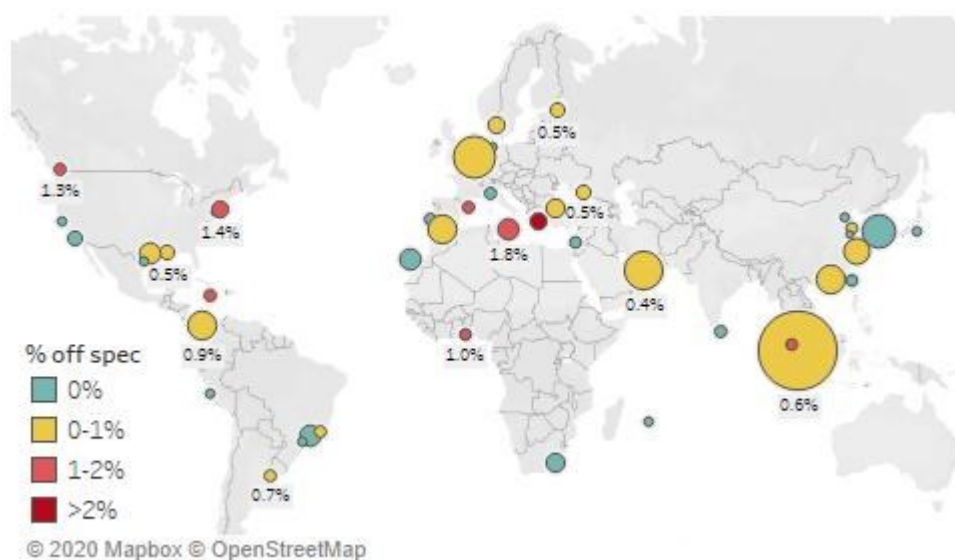


Figure 4. Major ports by the share of VLSFO Sulphur, TSP, ASLI and flash point (combined) off-specs in January

As the VLSFO quality situation is dynamic, it is very important to stay up-to-date with the changes in the market. Integr8 Fuel's global fuel quality database allows us to monitor in near real-time the changes in fuel quality and be proactive in our buying strategies in order to procure the best quality fuels for our customers.

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